Year 9 Drama Curriculum





	Year9	HT1	HT2	нтз	HT4	HT5	HT6
	Topic	7 Deadly Sins	Commedia Dell'Arte	Brecht	Stanislavski	Pantomime	Macbeth
Arts	Why this and why now?	This unit explores the 7 deadly sins; wrath, sloth, lust, greed, gluttony, pride and envy. Pupils are introduced to the historical and religious contexts of the 7 deadly sins, including the link to Christian religious teachings. Pupils practically explore each sin and stereotypical character traits in relation to the sin. E.g.: Lazy, lethargic movement will involve slow, synchronised movement in mime. The unit provides pupils the opportunity to explore each sin using a range of dramatic techniques. This has been designed to act as a skills reminder from year 8 to start the year ahead. English, Religious studies cross curricular links	In the latter part of the first half term, year 9 pupils are introduced to Commedia Dell'Arte as a cultural theatre style. Commedia Dell'Arte is an improvised style of comedy performance made famous in Italian theatres in the 16th–18th centuries. This style of theatre is based on stock characters. Pupils are introduced to this style of theatre in order to explore Drama in other cultures. Pupils explore stock characters found in Commedia including 'Arlecchino' (A Servant) and 'Pantelone' (A Master). MFL, History and English cross curricular links.	This unit allows pupils to study arguably one of the most influential abstract theatre practitioners in history: Bertolt Brecht. The unit enables pupils to explore a theoretical approach to theatre practice using practical exploration. Pupils look at the key ideas of Brecht's vision as a Theatre practitioner and explore his teachings using dramatic techniques. The unit has been designed to contribute towards the GCSE Drama teachings to allow all learners to be GCSE ready should they wish to opt for GCSE Drama going forward. English and History cross curricular links	This unit allows pupils to study another theatre practitioner whose practice is a complete contrast to the work of Bertolt Brecht. Constantin Stanislavski is arguably one of the most influential naturalistic theatre practitioners in history. The unit enables pupils to explore a theoretical approach to theatre practice using practical exploration. Pupils look at the key ideas of Stanislavski's vision as a Theatre practitioner and explore his teachings using dramatic techniques. The unit has been designed to contribute towards the GCSE Drama teachings to allow all learners to be GCSE ready should they wish to opt for GCSE Drama going forward. English and History cross curricular links	Pupils are introduced to yet another theatrical Genre in order to allow for pupils to be 'GCSE ready'. This unit of work explores melodrama as a theatrical genre, exploring the idea of exaggerated acting and stock characters. The unit explores the history of pantomime through practical exploration of key characters, over exaggerated acting costume design and the use of script. English and History Cross curricular links	The final half term in Drama at KS3 always sees us ends with a Shakespearean focus. Year 8 focus on the play 'A Midsummer's Night Dream' to coincide with their work on the play during English lessons. The practical exploration of the piece further aids learning and understanding in preparation for a bigger focus during English sessions. English, History and Maths cross-curricular links
Performing	What is the essential knowledge that needs to be remembered?	Revisit dramatic techniques and skills taught in year 8 including	 The history of Commedia Commedia characters Staging 	Key facts about Brecht's life and work	 Key facts about Stanislavski's life and work The Method 		

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	Proxemics Actor tools: facial expression, body language and voice Split stage Staging and levels Still image Spoken thoughts Inner Conscience Synchronised movement Choral speaking		 Non-naturalism and abstract theatre The alienation effect Narration Use of signs/placards Montage 	His teachings Worldwide: Lee Strasberg and 'The Actor's Studio' Practitioners who were taught by him Famous Methos actors who follow his teachings in their daily practice		
What is the assessment intent and how will you assess?	Formal assessment will take place at the end of the scheme of work. Pupils will rehearse, perform and evaluate a performance piece showcasing the key skills taught throughout the half-term. Pupils will be given an assessment booklet to record all 6 formal performance assessments throughout the academic year. Pupils will use these recordings to improve what they know and what they can do.	Formal assessment will take place at the end of the scheme of work. Pupils will rehearse, perform and evaluate a performance piece showcasing the key skills taught throughout the half-term. Pupils will be given an assessment booklet to record all 6 formal performance assessments throughout the academic year. Pupils will use these recordings to improve what they know and what they can do.	Formal assessment will take place at the end of the scheme of work. Pupils will rehearse, perform and evaluate a performance piece showcasing the key skills taught throughout the half-term. Pupils will be given an assessment booklet to record all 6 formal performance assessments throughout the academic year. Pupils will use these recordings to improve what they know and what they can do.	Formal assessment will take place at the end of the scheme of work. Pupils will rehearse, perform and evaluate a performance piece showcasing the key skills taught throughout the half-term. Pupils will be given an assessment booklet to record all 6 formal performance assessments throughout the academic year. Pupils will use these recordings to improve what they can do.	Formal assessment will take place at the end of the scheme of work. Pupils will rehearse, perform and evaluate a performance piece showcasing the key skills taught throughout the half-term. Pupils will be given an assessment booklet to record all 6 formal performance assessments throughout the academi year. Pupils will use these recordings to improve what they know and what they can do.	
What does the end point look like?	The unit of work will end with a practical performance assessment. The assessment is designed to allow pupils to showcase skills taught	The unit of work will end with a practical performance assessment. The assessment is designed to allow pupils to showcase skills taught	The unit of work will end with a practical performance assessment. The assessment is designed to allow pupils to showcase skills taught	The unit of work will end with a practical performance assessment. The assessment is designed to allow pupils to showcase skills taught	The unit of work will end with a practical performant assessment. The assessment is designed to allow pupils to showcase skills taught throughout the uni Pupils will evaluate their performance using self and peer assessment responding to our department foc of rehearse-perform-evaluate. Teacher verbal and	

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	throughout the unit.	throughout the unit.	throughout the unit.	throughout the unit.	written feedback will also be provided to celebrate
	Pupils will evaluate their	Pupils will evaluate their	Pupils will evaluate their	Pupils will evaluate their	learning and aid further progress going forward.
	performance using self	performance using self	performance using self	performance using self	
	and peer assessment	and peer assessment	and peer assessment	and peer assessment	
	responding to our	responding to our	responding to our	responding to our	
	department focus of	department focus of	department focus of	department focus of	
	rehearse-perform-	rehearse-perform-	rehearse-perform-	rehearse-perform-	
	evaluate. Teacher verbal	evaluate. Teacher verbal	evaluate. Teacher verbal	evaluate. Teacher verbal	
	and written feedback will	and written feedback will	and written feedback will	and written feedback will	
	also be provided to	also be provided to	also be provided to	also be provided to	
	celebrate learning and	celebrate learning and	celebrate learning and	celebrate learning and	
	aid further progress going	aid further progress going	aid further progress going	aid further progress going	
	forward.	forward.	forward.	forward.	
How does it	The National curriculum	The National curriculum	The National curriculum	The National curriculum	The National curriculum states that as part of the
cover the NC?	states that as part of the	states that as part of the	states that as part of the	states that as part of the	'spoken language' programme of study, pupils shoul
	'spoken language'	'spoken language'	'spoken language'	'spoken language'	be taught to 'speak confidently and effectively,
	programme of study,	programme of study,	programme of study,	programme of study,	including through; improvising, rehearsing and
	pupils should be taught	pupils should be taught	pupils should be taught	pupils should be taught	performing play scripts and poetry in order to genera
	to 'speak confidently and	to 'speak confidently and	to 'speak confidently and	to 'speak confidently and	language and discuss language use and meaning,
	effectively, including	effectively, including	effectively, including	effectively, including	using role, intonation, tone, volume, mood, silence,
	through; improvising,	through; improvising,	through, improvising,	through; improvising,	stillness and action to add impact'. These skills will be
	rehearsing and	rehearsing and	rehearsing and	rehearsing and	used as part of our Drama work.
	performing play scripts	performing play scripts	performing play scripts	performing play scripts	
	and poetry in order to	and poetry in order to	and poetry in order to	and poetry in order to	
	generate language and	generate language and	generate language and	generate language and	
	discuss language use	discuss language use	discuss language use	discuss language use	
	and meaning, using role,	and meaning, using role,	and meaning, using role,	and meaning, using role,	
	intonation, tone, volume,	intonation, tone, volume,	intonation, tone, volume,	intonation, tone, volume,	
	mood, silence, stillness	mood, silence, stillness	mood, silence, stillness and action to add	mood, silence, stillness	
	and action to add	and action to add		and action to add	
	impact'. These skills will	impact'. These skills will	impact'. These skills will	impact'. These skills will	
	be used as part of our Drama work.	be used as part of our Drama work.	be used as part of our Drama work.	be used as part of our Drama work.	
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