

	Year 11	HT1	HT2	НТЗ	HT4	HT5	HT6
subject	Year 11 Topic Why this and why now?	HT1 CB7 Animal coordination, control and homeostasis CC13-15 Groups; energy changes and rates of reaction CP9 Electricity and circuits CB7 extends knowledge of cells to organ systems in particular the endocrine system and this is compared to the nervous system taught in CB2. In CC13-15 students build on their knowledge of the periodic table and atomic structure to explore the reactivity and properties of groups 1,7 and 8 in the periodic table. The key learning point in this topic is to understand why some	HT2 CB8 Exchange and transport in animals CC16 Fuels CP10-11 Magnetism and the motor effect; electromagnetic induction CB8 builds on knowledge of transport systems from CB1 to look at the need and importance of exchange surfaces. Students also build on their knowledge of cells to look at the specialist cells that make up blood. This is a critical topic where students link what they have learnt previously about cell organelles, enzymes in digestion and transport of oxygen to cellular respiration. In CC16 students develop	HT3 CB9 Ecosystems and material cycles CC17 Earth and atmospheric science CP12-13 Particle model; forces and matter CB9 concludes biology and in this topic students use knowledge of organisms and the environment to look at how they interact as an ecosystem. Prior topics such as natural selection and adaptation link to biodiversity and there is linking to chemistry unit CC17 when looking at the carbon cycle. CC17 concludes chemistry and builds on the last topic in terms of carbon dioxide levels in the atmosphere,	HT4 Revision To prepare for final GCSE examinations	HT5 Revision To prepare for final GCSE examinations	HT6
		elements get more or less reactive down a group. This then leads to what happens when atoms react and how factors affect the rate of these reactions. Finally, students learn how to calculate the change in thermal energy when bonds are broken and formed during a chemical reaction. CP9 focuses on electricity as a type of energy and students link both	their knowledge of combustion as a chemical reaction to learn about fuels and that many fuels are made from compounds called hydrocarbons. Students apply previous knowledge of separation techniques to understand how crude oil is separated into useful fuel fractions. Students also look at how toxic gases can be produced from burning fuels and the impact this has on climate change.	how this has changed over time and the threat of rising carbon dioxide levels. Students look at the early atmosphere and from previous topic of metal extraction should see that early earth had little to no oxygen in the atmosphere as rocks from when the Earth formed do not contain oxidised compounds. In the final topic of Physics the fundamental ideas of energy, matter and forces			

## Science Curriculum Overview – Year 11 combined science



	chemistry and physics	In CP10-11 the topic of forces	come together to look at			
	together to understand	is revisited to look at	changes of state, specific			
	what current is and	magnetism as a non-contact	and latent heat and energy			
	potential difference and	force and the effects of	changes in a stretching			
	how this is different in	electricity and magnetism	spring			
	corios and parallel oirquits	togothor	opring.			
	series and parallel circuits.	logether.				
What is	CB7 Animal coordination	CB8 Exchange and	CB9 Ecosystems and	Revision	Revision	
what is	control and homeostasis	transport in animals	Material Cycle	Revision		
the	What harmona are and	The officient transport and	Interactions of accounterme			
essential	what normones are and	The enicient transport and	interactions of ecosystems			
knowledge	where they are produced.	exchange of substances in	and sampling methods.			
that needs	The names of some	the body at different	Biotic and abiotic factors			
to bo	target organs. The effects	surfaces including surface	and how they affect			
lo be	of Thyroxine and	area to volume calculation,	communities. Relationships			
remember	Adrenaline. The role of	structure and function of the	between organisms			
ed?	oestrogen and	heart and circulatory	(Parasitism and Mutualism)			
	progesterone in the	system Blood composition	Human effects on			
	menstrual cycle and	Cardiac output calculations	biodiversity and			
	apply this to how	callular respiration				
	apply this to now	cenular respiration	(Eutrephinetics) Mater			
	contraceptives work. The		(Eutrophication). water,			
	role of FSH and LH. How	CC16 Fuels	Carbon and Nitrogen			
	blood glucose is	Formation of crude oil and	cycles.			
	regulated in the body	how crude oil can be				
	including people with	separated into useful	CC17 Earth and			
	diabetes Types 1 and 2.	fractions, alkanes and	Atmospheric Science			
	How to calculate BMI	alkenes combustion both	Composition and evolution			
		complete and incomplete	of earth's atmosphere			
	CC13-15	cracking and polymerisation	including key events			
	Structure and	fuels and pollution and	formation of account, and			
		alternative fuels such as	lough of overgap through			
	Z and 0. Dates of groups 1,	alternative fuels such as	revers of oxygen through			
	7 and 0, Rates of	nyarogen	photosynthesis.			
	reaction, energy		Composition of the modern			
	changes in reaction		atmosphere, and the effects			
	Structure and properties	CP10 Magnets and	of greenhouse gases on			
	of group 1,7 and 0 of the	Magnetic Fields	climate change and limiting			
	periodic table	The use and shape of	the impact of greenhouse			
	Factors affecting the rate	magnetic fields, evidence of	gases			
	of reactions including	the earth's magnetic field				
	collision theory Catalysts	and its effect. Construction	CP12-13 Particle Model			
	and activation energy	of electromagnets and	Eorces and Matter			
		factors offecting its strength	Vinces and Watter			
	Energy changes in	Flaming the function of the strength.	kinetic theory, investigating			
	reactions including	Fleming left hand rule.	density, including			



	exothermic and endothermic reactions, calculation bond energies. CP9 Electricity and circuits Atomic structure and current flow. Series and parallel circuits. Current and Potential difference. How to calculate energy and charge. Investigate, explain and calculate resistance in series and parallel circuits. Identify resistance curves. Explain the heating effect caused by resistance. Calculating electrical power. Electrical safety including fuses and circuit breakers. The national grid, AC and DC. Understand the power rating of appliances.	Transformers including the transformer equation. The use of transformers in the national grid.	calculations. Effects of energy on changes of state, energy calculations (specific and latent heat). Temperature scales and effects on gas pressure, relationship between force and extension of a spring, calculating work done in springs.		
What is the assessme nt intent and how will you assess?	Assessment intent: to inform planning, intervention and identify any gaps. Check mastery in fundamental concepts ready for other units and to prevent curriculum dysfluency whilst checking learning and performance. Formative Baseline; End of topics test and rewind grids to identify misconceptions and gaps in learning to allow for Make It Better time. Cumulative Assessment	Assessment intent: to inform planning, intervention and identify any gaps. Check mastery in fundamental concepts ready for other units and to prevent curriculum dysfluency whilst checking learning and performance. Formative Baseline; End of topics test and rewind grids to identify misconceptions and gaps in learning to allow for Make It Better time. Cumulative Assessment based on CB8, CC16 and CP10-11. Extended answer	Assessment intent: to inform planning, intervention and identify any gaps. Check mastery in fundamental concepts ready for other units and to prevent curriculum dysfluency whilst checking learning and performance. Formative Baseline; End of topics test and rewind grids to identify misconceptions and gaps in learning to allow for Make It Better time. Cumulative Assessment based on CB9, CC17 and		



	based on CB7, CC13-15 and CP9. Extended answer questions as well as short answer, discuss and compare questions. Students complete Autumn mock assessment that will allow us to identify knowledge, understanding and skill gaps that we need to readdress before formal examinations.	questions as well as short answer, discuss and compare questions.	CP12-13. Extended answer questions as well as short answer, discuss and compare questions. Students complete Spring mock assessment that will allow us to identify knowledge, understanding and skill gaps that we need to readdress before formal examinations.		
What should the end point look like?	CB7 Animal coordination, control and homeostasis Describe what hormones are, identify hormones by name and state where they are produce, state the names of some target organs, describe and explain the effects of Thyroxine and Adrenaline, explain the role of hormones in menstrual cycle and apply this to how contraceptives work, explain how blood glucose is regulated in the body including people with diabetes Types 1 and 2, Calculate BMI.and explain how obesity is linked to type 2 diabetes CC13-15 Structure and properties of groups 1, 7 and 0, Rates of reaction, energy changes in reaction	CB8 Exchange and transport in animals State substances that need to be transported, describe and explain what makes an efficient exchange surface and calculate surface area to volume ratio, describe the structure and function of the heart including valves and circulatory system, describe blood composition and calculate cardiac output and stroke volume, describe cellular respiration and compare aerobic and anaerobic respiration <b>CC16 Fuels</b> Describe how crude oil is formed, explain why crude oil is a finite resource, define the term 'hydrocarbon', describe how fractional distillation is used to separate crude oil into useful fractions, state and describe the use of each fraction, describe and	CB9 Ecosystems and Material Cycle Demonstrate interactions of ecosystems by drawing food chains, describe sampling methods, identify biotic and abiotic factors and describe how they affect communities, describe and explain relationships between organisms (Parasitism and Mutualism), identify and describe human effects on biodiversity and conservation (Eutrophication), describe and explain key processes in water, Carbon and Nitrogen cycles. CC17 Earth and Atmospheric Science Identify and describe the composition and evolution of earth's atmosphere including key events, formation of oceans, and levels of oxygen through		



photosynthesis, describe State names of group 1,7 explain the properties of and 0 and describe their fractions as you go from top composition of the modern atomic structure in terms to bottom, describe the atmosphere, and explain of outer electrons, homologous group known the effects of greenhouse as the alkanes and how they describe the properties gases on climate change both physical and bond, describe the and limiting the impact of chemical of each group, complete and incomplete greenhouse gases identify factors that affect combustion of fuels using word and symbol equations, CP12-13 Particle Model. the rate of reaction and explain how the products of **Forces and Matter** explain collision theory, Describe and explain the combustion can be Explain kinetic theory, action of catalysts and investigate and calculate dangerous, describe how how they lower activation carbon, sulfur dioxide and density in solids and liquids, energy, identify energy nitrous oxides cause explain effects of energy on changes in reactions as pollution and evaluate changes of state, energy alternative fuels to fossil calculations (specific and being exothermic and endothermic reactions, fuels latent heat),compare describe that temperature scales, endothermic involves **CP10 Magnets and** describe and explain effects breaking bonds and **Magnetic Fields** on gas pressure, explain exothermic is forming Draw magnetic fields around relationship between force bonds. calculate overall a bar magnet and a wire, and extension of a spring, energy changes using suggest evidence of the calculate work done in known bond energies earth's magnetic field and its springs. effect, construction of **CP9 Electricity and** electromagnets and factors circuits affecting its strength, Describe atomic structure describe Fleming left hand rule and the motor effect, and current flow, draw series and parallel describe and explain transformers including the circuits and describe the current and potential transformer equation, explain the use of difference in series and transformers in the national parallel circuits, describe how to measure current grid. and potential difference in a series and a parallel circuit, calculate energy and charge, investigate, explain and calculate

resistance in series and parallel circuits. Identify



	resistance curves, Explain the heating effect caused by resistance, calculate electrical power, describe electrical safety devices including fuses and circuit breakers and Earth wire, describe the national grid, compare AC and DC, describe the power rating of appliances and explain what the power rating shows				
How does	CB7	CB8	CB9		
It cover the	coordination and control in	systems in multicellular	within an ecosystem • some		
	humans • the	organisms, including plants •	abiotic and biotic factors		
	relationship between the structure and function of	the relationship between the structure and functions of the	the importance of		
	the human nervous	human circulatory system.	interactions between		
	system • the relationship		organisms in a community •		
	between structure and	CC16	how materials cycle through		
	tunction in a reflex arc •	tractional distillation of crude	abiotic and biotic		
	coordination and control in	more useful materials	the role of microorganisms		
	humans • hormones in		(decomposers) in the cycling		
	human reproduction,	CP10-11	of materials through an		
	hormonal and non-	exploring the magnetic	ecosystem • organisms are		
	normonal methods of	induced magnets and the	adapted to their environment		
	<ul> <li>homeostasis.</li> </ul>	Earth's magnetic field, using	• the importance of		
		a compass • magnetic	biodiversity • methods of		
	CC13-15	effects of currents, how	identifying species and		
	position of elements in the	solenoids enhance the effect	measuring distribution,		
	Periodic Table in relation	<ul> <li>how transformers are used</li> </ul>	trequency and abundance of		



to their atomic structure	in the national grid and the	species within a habitat •		
and arrangement of outer	reasons for their use.	positive and negative human		
electrons		interactions with ecosystems.		
properties and trends in				
properties of elements in		CC17		
the same group		<ul> <li>evidence for composition</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Measurement of energy</li> </ul>		and evolution of the Earth's		
changes in chemical		atmosphere since its		
reactions (qualitative) •		formation • evidence, and		
Bond breaking, bond		uncertainties in evidence, for		
making, activation energy		additional anthropogenic		
and reaction profiles		causes of climate change •		
(qualitative).		potential effects of, and		
factors that influence the		mitigation of, increased		
rate of reaction: varying		levels of carbon dioxide and		
temperature or		methane on the Earth's		
concentration, changing		climate • common		
the surface area of a solid		atmospheric pollutants:		
reactant or by adding a		sulphur dioxide, oxides of		
catalyst		nitrogen, particulates and		
		their sources		
CP9				
<ul> <li>measuring resistance</li> </ul>		CP12-13		
using p.d. and current		<ul> <li>relating models of</li> </ul>		
measurements • exploring		arrangements and motions		
current, resistance and		of the molecules in solid.		
voltage relationships for		liquid and gas phases to their		
different circuit elements:		densities • melting.		
including their graphical		evaporation, and sublimation		
representations • quantity		as reversible changes •		
of charge flowing as the		calculating energy changes		
product of current and		involved on heating, using		
time		specific heat capacity; and		
drawing circuit		those involved in changes of		
diagrams: exploring		state, using specific latent		
equivalent resistance for		heat • links between		
resistors in series • the		pressure and temperature of		
domestic a.c. supply: live.		a gas at constant volume.		
neutral and earth mains		related to the motion of its		
wires, safety measures •		particles (qualitative).		
power transfer related to		······································		
p.d. and current, or current				
and resistance.				
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