## **English Curriculum: Year 8**

Year 8 RELATIONSHIPS	HT1	HT2	НТ3	HT4	HT5	HT6
	FANTASY		FREEDOM		LOVE	
Topic	MODERN DRAMA	GOTHIC FICTION	OPINION WRITING	FREEDOM – LANGUAGE & REPRESENTATION	UNSEEN POETRY	SHAKESPEARE — Romeo and Juliet
Why this?	Students study the	Students are	Students will encounter	Students will explore	Students study a	Students will explore a
Why now?	challenging and engaging Oxford Playscript of	introduced to a range of 19 <sup>th</sup> , 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> century canonical	a range of contemporary texts covering different	the autobiographical novel, I know Why the Caged Bird Sings by	range of challenging contemporary and heritage poems,	full Shakespeare text, tracing ideas and representations of:
	Frankenstein, adapted by Philip Pullman. This unit builds on their	texts that build on their learning from	styles and forms. Students will revisit the	Maya Angelou. They will apply the skills they	grouped by different kinds of love. They	women, love, parental relationships, and the
	prior knowledge of modern drama from	Frankenstein and support them in developing their own	same process and structure of analysing texts, formulating	have been developing through approaching prose texts to examine	will approach the poems as unseen, but are supported in	conflicts underlying all of those. Exploration of a full Shakespeare text
	Year 7, engages them in discussion of the nature	creative writing. This unit allows the	opinions, and emulating those	the conventions of the form. They will consider	developing a schema for unseen practice	will prepare students for the study of Macbeth at
	and morality of creation, and asks them	students to build upon their introduction to	conventions in their own writing, that they	ideas of freedom and constraint, and the	through the linking concept of love.	GCSE. It will allow them to understand the
	to consider concepts of identity. We start with	the Gothic from the previous half term and	used with the gothic, but will now apply it to non-fiction	issues of subjectivity in non-fiction narrative, through study of an	By the end of the unit, students will be	generic conventions of Shakespearean tragedy to which they will be
	this engaging exploration of dramatic conventions which	exposes them to a range of cultural important texts. They	transactional texts.  Developing and	extended non-fiction text. Employing writing	establishing the knowledge and understanding of the	able to refer back.  Exploration of layers of
	allows the students to revisit skills introduced	will be enabled in making connections to	establishing the skills to formulate, evidence	techniques and adapting tone and style to	skills for analysing poetry; identifying	meaning, and the culmination in a
	and developed through	modern cultural	and justify an opinion -	purpose and audience in	how writers use	conceptualized
	modern drama in Year 7 and helps prepare them	references and in discussing the themes	and articulate that in writing - will prepare	descriptive writing builds upon the same	language to create effects and influence	response, will prepare students to make

for study of	of identity and fear of	students for their	skills used in opinion	the reader; making	exploratory, personal
Shakespearean tragedy	the other. Study of	approach to, and	writing in Spring 1, but	thematic	and more critical
later in the year.	binary oppositions will	immersion in, the ideas	allows transference and	comparisons; and	responses to the texts in
Exploration of identity	also pre-empt the	covered within the	development through a	justifying their	Year 9.
will be revisited in	need to understand	Spring 2 unit. It will	different form and	readings. Students	
Autumn 2, Spring 2 and	the use of this in	also provide students	purpose.	will establish the	
Summer 2 and is a core	Macbeth.	with a foundation to		knowledge and	
concept of literary		apply this approach to		understanding they	
study. Additionally, this		poetry and		were introduced to in	
exploration enables		Shakespearean drama,		their Year 7 study of	
students to understand		where preferred		poetry from other	
how to approach		interpretation and		cultures and apply the	
Gothicism, as a genre		conceptualised		skills of using evidence	
and movement, in the		responses are required.		to make thematic	
second half term. It				links; and justify	
also raises interesting				interpretations from	
debate around				the previous term's	
advances in technology				study. Approaching	
and morality and links				the poems as unseen	
to language change.				poetry will start to	
				build the confidence	
				and independence in	
				approaching an	
				unseen text that	
				students will,	
				ultimately, need for	
				GCSE. However,	
				grouping the poems	
				by the themes of love	
				and relationships will	
				help support students	
				to understand what to	
				identify. They can	
				then begin to explore	
				layers of meaning	
				through thematic	

			analysis, using context to inform interpretations and use evidence to justify their opinions.	
<ul> <li>Track narrative lines and character arcs</li> <li>Support judgements, referencing the text using paraphrase and quotation</li> <li>Track themes throughout a text</li> <li>Compare and connect themes, ideas and events within and across the text</li> <li>Understand notions of alter-ego, identity and loss of identity</li> <li>Show awareness of monstrosity and marginalisation</li> <li>Highlight priorities in discussion and</li> </ul>	of reading strategies  Communicate imaginatively and with authorial intent  Make language choices for effect and to shape meaning  Use a variety of sentence forms and openers  Organise information using coherent paragraphs  Use a range of punctuation accurately  Understand ideas about  effect match to pur audien accurately intent audien	with authorial intent  Select and adapt tone, style and register  and Establish a writing voice  Plan to link ideas between and within paragraphs  ya Understand the chronology of the text  Understand human rights/rights of the child  Ces cand child  Understand bildungsroman  Show awareness of how freedom and constraint are shaped by	<ul> <li>Identify,         explain and         analyse how         writers use         language to         achieve         effects</li> <li>Support         judgements,         referencing         the text using         paraphrase         and         quotations</li> <li>Embed and         contextualise         quotations</li> <li>Use relevant         subject         terminology</li> <li>Show         awareness of         the different         aspects of         love</li> <li>Show         awareness of         the complications         of human         relationships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore and understand writers' methods</li> <li>Show understanding of the different layers of meaning</li> <li>Compare and connect themes and ideas within and across a text</li> <li>Understand how to link contextual factors</li> <li>Write in an academic style</li> <li>Understand different forms of conflict</li> <li>Understand how attitudes to and representations of women have changed</li> </ul>

Accordment	sustain listening	opposition and fear of the other  Understand how these modern cultural ideas have come from gothic fiction  Narrative	perspectives of animal rights • Articulate an opinion appropriately and effectively and interrogate content	Comprehension	• Unseen	Debate ideas effectively
Assessment	Character     analysis essay     Spoken     Language	• Narrative writing	<ul><li>Opinion writing</li><li>Spoken Language</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Comprehension         <ul> <li>comparing</li> <li>sources</li> </ul> </li> <li>Descriptive writing</li> </ul>	poetry response	<ul> <li>Creative writing</li> <li>Thematic essay</li> <li>Progress test</li> <li>Spoken Language</li> </ul>
NC coverage	Read a wide range of fiction and non-fiction, including in particular whole books, short stories, poems and plays with a wide coverage of genres, historical periods, forms and authors. Write accurately, fluently, effectively and at length for a wide range of purposes and audiences. English literature, both pre-1914 and contemporary, including prose, poetry and drama.	Read a wide range of fiction and non-fiction, including in particular whole books, short stories, poems and plays with a wide coverage of genres, historical periods, forms and authors. Write accurately, fluently, effectively and at length for a wide range of purposes and audiences. English literature, both pre-1914 and contemporary, including prose, poetry and drama.	Read a wide range of fiction and non-fiction, including in particular whole books, short stories, poems and plays with a wide coverage of genres, historical periods, forms and authors. Write accurately, fluently, effectively and at length for a wide range of purposes and audiences.	Read a wide range of fiction and non-fiction, including in particular whole books, short stories, poems and plays with a wide coverage of genres, historical periods, forms and authors. Write accurately, fluently, effectively and at length for a wide range of purposes and audiences. English literature, both pre-1914 and contemporary, including prose, poetry and drama.	Read a wide range of fiction and non-fiction, including in particular whole books, short stories, poems and plays with a wide coverage of genres, historical periods, forms and authors.  Write accurately, fluently, effectively and at length for a wide range of purposes and audiences. English literature, both pre-1914 and contemporary, including prose, poetry and drama.	Read a wide range of fiction and non-fiction, including in particular whole books, short stories, poems and plays with a wide coverage of genres, historical periods, forms and authors. Write accurately, fluently, effectively and at length for a wide range of purposes and audiences. Shakespeare (two plays).